

## BPE

aaabcaabdeab

①  $A = aa \quad B = ab$

A B c A b d e B

②  $\text{vocab} = \{A, B, b, c, d, e\}$

## NB inference

$$y = \underset{y \in Y}{\operatorname{argmax}} \frac{P_0(x|y) P(y)}{P(x)}^{1/2}$$

$$= \underset{y \in Y}{\operatorname{argmax}} \prod_{i=1}^n P_0(x_i|y)$$

$$= \underset{y \in Y}{\operatorname{argmax}} \sum_{i=1}^n \underbrace{\log P_0(x_i|y)}_{\text{Score of each word}}$$

## MLE for NB

Likelihood function

$$L(\theta, \alpha) = \sum_{i=1}^N \log P(x^{(i)}, y^{(i)}; \theta, \alpha)$$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^N \log \underbrace{P(x^{(i)} | y^{(i)}; \theta)}_{\text{const.}} \underbrace{P(y^{(i)}; \alpha)}$$

$$\theta \in \mathbb{R}^{2 \times |\mathcal{V}|} \quad \text{s.t. } \sum_i \theta_i y_i = 1$$

$$\alpha \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$P(y^{(i)}; \alpha) = \begin{cases} \alpha & \text{if } y^{(i)} = 1 \\ 1 - \alpha & \text{o.w.} \end{cases}$$

$$= 1(y^{(i)}=1)\alpha + 1(y^{(i)}=0)(1-\alpha)$$

$L(\alpha)$  is concave.

$$\frac{\partial L(\alpha)}{\partial \alpha} = \frac{\partial}{\partial \alpha} \sum_{i=1}^N \log [1(y^{(i)}=1)\alpha + 1(y^{(i)}=0)(1-\alpha)]$$

$$= \frac{\partial}{\partial \alpha} \sum_{i=1}^N 1(y^{(i)}=1) \log \alpha + 1(y^{(i)}=0) \log (1-\alpha)$$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^N 1(y^{(i)}=1) \frac{1}{\alpha} - 1(y^{(i)}=0) \frac{1}{1-\alpha} = 0$$

$$\hat{\alpha} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^N 1(y^{(i)}=1)}{\sum_{i=1}^N 1(y^{(i)}=1) + 1(y^{(i)}=0)}$$

$$= \# \text{ pos. ex.} / \# \text{ total}$$

## MLE for LR

$$L(w) = \sum_{i=1}^N \log P(y^{(i)} | x^{(i)}; w)$$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^N y^{(i)} \log \frac{1}{1 + e^{-w \cdot \phi(x)}} + (-y^{(i)}) \log \left[ 1 - \frac{1}{1 + e^{-w \cdot \phi(x)}} \right]$$

Is  $L(w)$  concave?  $\log \frac{1}{1 + e^{-z}}$

① plot

$$\textcircled{2} f''(z) \leq 0$$

No closed-form solution!

B = W

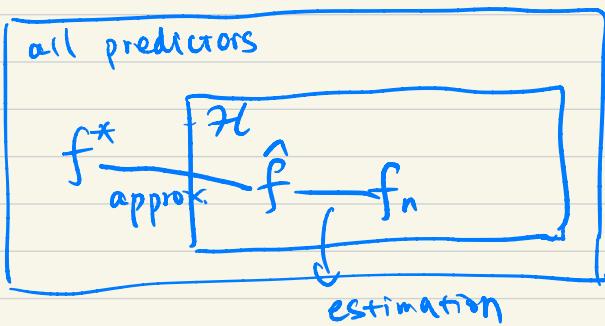
in for a penny, in for a pound

$$in = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ \vdots \\ 1 \\ \vdots \\ j \end{bmatrix}_{|V| \times 1} \rightarrow \begin{cases} 1 ("in" = w_1) \\ \vdots \\ 1 ("in" = w_{20}) \\ \vdots \\ 1 ("in" = w_{|V|}) \end{cases}$$

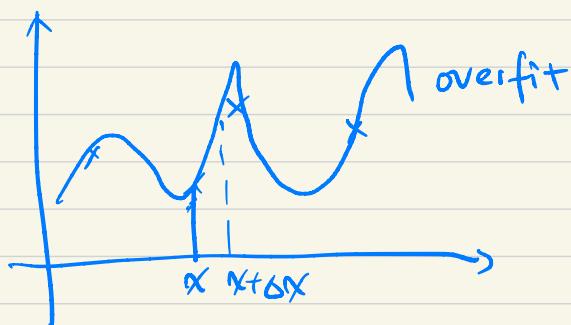
$$\Phi_{Bnw}(\text{sentence}) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 2 \\ 0 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}_{|V| \times 1} \begin{array}{l} \text{the} \\ a \\ an \\ in \\ for \\ penny \\ pound \end{array}$$

↓  
 $|V| \times 1$

## Error decomposition



Why small norms?



$$\begin{aligned} & |w \cdot x - w \cdot (x + \delta x)| \\ &= |w \cdot \delta x| \\ &\leq \|w\| \cdot \|\delta x\| \\ &\quad \text{small} \end{aligned}$$